

Country/ Consuming species	Species consumed	% Seeds in feces	% Viability of seeds	% Seeds germinated	Days of retention	Source
Argentina	<i>Ziziphus mistol</i>	50	91	*	6-9	Varela & Bucher 2002
<i>Chelonoidis</i>	<i>Prosopis nigra</i>	29	91	-	7-8	
<i>chilensis</i>	<i>Celtis pallida</i>	21	91	+	4-6	
	<i>Ficus</i> sp.	62	100	-		
	<i>Aechmea</i> sp	14	93	-		
	<i>Genipa americana</i>	9	91	-		
	<i>Jacaratia spinosa</i>	49	95	-		
Brasil	<i>Clarisia ilicifolia</i>	5	94	-		
<i>Chelonoidis</i>	<i>Brosimum</i>	4	96	-	3-17	Strong & Fragos 2006, Jerozolinski et al. 2009
<i>carbonaria</i>	<i>lactescens</i>					
	<i>Porouma</i>	3	100	-		
<i>Chelonoidis</i>	<i>guianensis</i>					
<i>denticulata</i>	<i>Tetragastris</i>	1	96	-		
	<i>altissima</i>					
	<i>Spondias mombin</i>	1	100	-		
	<i>Celtis</i> sp.	0,40	100	-		
	<i>Attalea maripa</i>	0,19	100	-		
	<i>Hippomane</i>					
	<i>mancinella</i>	2,37	-	-		
Ecuador	<i>Opuntia echios</i>	33,62	-		6-28	Blake et al. 2012
<i>Chelonoidis</i>	<i>Psidium</i>					
<i>nigra</i>	<i>galapageium</i>	41,81	-	*		
	<i>Psidium guajava</i>	38,15	-			
	<i>Passiflora edulis</i>	0,25	-	-		
	<i>Rollinia</i> sp.	2,81	-	-		
	<i>Ficus</i> cf. <i>insipida</i>	7	-			
	<i>Ficus</i> cf. <i>maxima</i>	2,33	-			
	<i>Ficus</i> sp.	46,67	-	+		
	<i>Rauvolfia</i>					
	<i>micrantha</i>	1,14	-			
Perú	<i>Jacaratia digitata</i>	0,63	-	-	21	Guzmán & Stevenson 2008
<i>Chelonoidis</i>	<i>Cecropia</i>					
<i>denticulata</i>	<i>membranacea</i>	3,82	-	-		
	<i>Cecropia</i>					
	<i>sciadophylla</i>	4,91	-	-		
	<i>Loreya strigosa</i>	18,67	-	-		
	<i>Miconia</i> sp.	1,23	-	-		
	<i>Helicostylis</i>					
	<i>tomentosa</i>	1,08	-	-		

* Common germination rates for seeds consumed by tortoises and for those seeds that were not consumed.

+ Higher germination rate for seeds consumed by tortoises than for seeds not consumed. – No information.